ACTON-BOXBOROUGH REGIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

AND

REPORT OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

DRAFT FOR DISCUSSION PURPOSES ONLY

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable School Committee Acton-Boxborough Regional School District Acton, Massachusetts

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Acton-Boxborough Regional School District, Acton, Massachusetts, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

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In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Acton-Boxborough Regional School District, Acton, Massachusetts, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 10 and required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Government Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the united States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Acton-Boxborough Regional School District, Acton, Massachusetts's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Treasurer's Cash is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The Schedule of Treasurer's Cash is the responsibility of management and was derived from and directly relates to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Treasurer's Cash is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated November 7, 2014, on our consideration of the Acton-Boxborough Regional School District, Acton, Massachusetts's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our tests on internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

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Borgatti Harrison & Co.

Framingham, Massachusetts November 7, 2014

Acton-Boxborough Regional School District

Management Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Acton-Boxborough Regional School District School (the District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our basic statements and notes to the basic statements.

The District is audited annually by Borgatti Harrison & Company, Certified Public Accountants.

Financial Highlights:

- The assets of the District exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$30,154,568 (net position).
- The District's total net position decreased by \$935,682 or 3.1% in Fiscal 2014.
- The total cost of all District services for Fiscal 2014 was \$57,020,365. The District operated within the budget established by the School Committee for the year ended June 30, 2014.
- The District foundation enrollment was 2,972 students in Fiscal 2014, an increase of 17 students from Fiscal 2013.
- Revenues were primarily derived from assessments to towns totaling \$32,282,400, state aid of \$7,296,104, and program revenues, primarily grants, charges for services and earnings on investments.
- The District reported a general fund balance of \$1,822,817 at the end of Fiscal 2014. There was a \$1,199,030 decrease in total general fund balance from the prior year. The unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$688,695.
- Beginning July 1, 2014, the School District is expanded to include the elementary school grades from both the Towns of Acton and Boxborough. The current School District includes grades 7 through 12.



Overview of the Financial Statements:

This overview is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's financial position, in a manner similar to a private sector business. The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the cash flows. Thus, revenue and expenses reported in this statement for some items will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected revenue and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions and activities of the District that are principally supported by regional assessments and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions and activities that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees or charges. The government activities of the District include the broad functions of School Committee, Superintendent, Finance, School Leadership, Instruction, Textbooks, etc., consistent with Massachusetts Department of Education functional classifications.

Fund Financial Statements:

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other Massachusetts school districts, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

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Governmental Funds:

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, government fund financial statements focus on the near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financial decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between government funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains a general fund, state and federal grant funds, cafeteria fund, revolving funds, community education fund and capital projects funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund and the capital projects fund. Data from the other five categories of funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation under the caption nonmajor governmental funds.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on Pages 13 through 16 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary funds, which include the other post-employment benefits trust, scholarships and student activities, are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of the funds are not available to support the District's own functions and activities. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for general funds.

The fiduciary fund financial statements provide separate information for the agency and private purpose funds of the District. The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on Pages 18 and 19 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements:

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on Page 21 through 40 of this report. An index of the notes appears on Page 20.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis:

	FY 2014	FY2013	Net Change
Current Assets	\$ 4,597,950	\$ 5,204,498	\$ (606,548)
Capital Assets (Net)	<u>\$56,914,061</u>	<u>\$58,080,555</u>	\$ (1,166,494)
Total Assets	\$ <u>61,512,011</u>	\$ <u>63,285,053</u>	\$ (1,773,042)
Current Liabilities	\$ 2,788,927	\$ 2,056,413	\$ 732,514
Non-Current Liabilities	\$29,501,127	\$31,071,001	\$ (1,569,874)
Total Liabilities	\$ <u>32,290,054</u>	\$ <u>33,127,414</u>	\$ <u>(837,360)</u>
Net Position			
Invested in Capital assets, Net of related debt	\$39,051,696	\$38,108,449	\$ 943,247
Restricted	\$ 32,718	\$ 77,321	(44,603)
Unrestricted	\$(9,862,457)	\$(8,028,131)	\$(1,834,326)
Total Net Position	\$29,221,957	\$30,157,639	\$ (935,682)

Included within current assets are \$3,629,966 in cash and cash equivalents. Capital assets include all buildings and equipment, both completed and in progress, that are owned by the District. Current liabilities principally include \$661,303 for accounts payable, accrued expenses and \$210,580 in accrued interest and current portion of long-term liabilities of \$1,917,044. Long-term liabilities include \$944,493 for longevity incentives and \$12,173,196 for other post employment benefits.

The largest portion (92.53%) of the District's total assets reflects its investment in land, buildings, furniture and equipment and vehicles. The District uses capital assets to provide services to students; therefore, these assets are not available for future spending. Net position decreased \$935,682 principally from depreciation expense of \$2,506,285 and a \$994,611 increase in net OPEB obligation that was recognized by the School District as result of Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 45. The \$12,173,196 net OPEB obligation represents the difference between the School District's annual required contribution for other post employment benefits (principally health insurance) and the School District's pay-as-you-go funding for retiree benefits. During fiscal 2013, the School District created an OPEB Irrevocable Trust and has contributed \$612,000 to-date towards its unfunded OPEB liability.

Approximately 2.29% of the District's net position represent resources that are considered unrestricted, but are subject to designation by the School Committee. Such designations include capital projects, encumbrances, and subsequent year expenses. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position \$(10,554,531) represents a deficit due to the recognition of the long-term Other Post-Employment Benefits obligation of \$12,173,196 at June 30, 2014.

Financial Analysis of Governmental Funds:

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with local, state and federal requirements.

Governmental Funds – The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financial requirements. In particular, undesignated fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a district's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At June 30, 2014, the general fund balance was \$1,822,817; \$692,074 of this balance was assigned by the School Committee to pay for encumbrances, debt service and carryover expenditures. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total general fund expenditures (including transfers to other funds). Unassigned fund balance represents 1.45% of total general fund expenditures (including transfers), while total fund balance represents 3.83% of the same amount.

General Fund Highlights:

The District's total general fund balance decreased \$1,199,030 during Fiscal 2014.

Total general fund revenues were \$46,351,026, an increase of \$2,555,760, or 5.84% from prior year. District assessments to member communities increased \$1,187,968, or 3.82%, to \$32,282,400. State aid increased \$381,637 in FY14. Student foundation enrollment increased from 2,955 in Fiscal 2013 to 2,972 in Fiscal 2014. District assessments to member communities constitute the largest revenue line item, representing 69.6% of the District's general fund revenue. State aid represents the second largest revenue source (28.07%) for the District.

Member communities are apportioned an assessment based upon costs in three categories: construction costs, capital costs and operating costs. The method of determining a community's local contribution is based on a three-year average of pupil enrollment. The District will then assess additional revenue requirements based on the regional agreement. The District's budget is not approved until both member communities vote on it favorably.

Total general fund expenditure and transfers to other funds were \$47,551,825, an increase of \$3,473,316, or 7.88% from the previous fiscal year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights:

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Actual revenues were over budget by \$86,119 primarily due to bond premium included in miscellaneous revenues.

Actual expenditures were \$25,259 under budget.

The table below summarizes the major categories of general fund expenditures and transfers compared to Fiscal 2013:

	2014	% of	Change from			
Expenditure	Actual	Total		ı <u>% Chang</u>		
Administration Instructional	\$1,770,844	4.1%	\$337,778	23.6%)	
Leadership Classroom & Specialist	\$2,377,594	5.6%	\$(11,943)	(0.5)%	ı	
Teachers Other Teaching	\$14,149,929	33.0%	\$92,531	0.6%	ı	
Services Professional	\$1,604,539	3.7%	\$401,355	33.4%	,	
Development Instructional Materials, Equip.	\$222,672	0.5%	\$27,271	13.9%	ı	
& Technology Guidance, Counseling &	\$ 622,291	1.5%	\$(116,602)	(15.8)%	ı	
Testing	\$1,611,481	3.8%	\$1,844	0.1%	ı	
Pupil Services Operations &	\$4,716,774	11.0%	\$1,709,873	56.8%	ı	
Maintenance	\$3,401,289	7.9%	\$(287,170)	(7.8)%	,	
Insurance	\$4,826,877	11.3%	\$255,049	5.6%	ļ	
Retirement	\$1,463,440	3.4%	\$495,006	51.1%	ı	
Capital Outlay	\$552,387	1.3%	\$(336,230)	(37.8)%	,	
Tuition Out	\$3,449,663	8.0%	\$ (18,526)	(0.5)%		
Other	\$91,413	0.2%	\$91,413	100.0%	,	
Debt Service	\$2,019,295	4.7%	\$107,062	5,6%		
Total	\$42,880,488	100.0%	\$2,748,71 <u>1</u>	6.85%		

Teaching represents 33.0% of the District's expenditures, an increase of 0.6% over the prior fiscal year. The District spent \$4,826,877 or 11.3% on fringe benefits, consisting of employee benefits including health insurance, representing the second largest expenditure line item. The third largest category of expenditure was pupil services costing \$4,716,774 or 11.0% of the total. Tuition out includes school choice out, tuition to non-public schools and to collaboratives.

Operation and maintenance costs were \$3,401,289, or 7.9% of total. Debt service, including interest payments of \$2,019,295, was 4.7% of the total.

Capital Assets: The District's investment in capital assets for government and business-type activities as of June 30, 2014 amounted to \$56,914,061, net of accumulated depreciation of \$29,036,089. The investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. Additional information on the District's capital assets may be found in Note 8 Capital Assets to the financial statements on page 32 of this report.

Long-Term Debt: At June 30, 2014, the District had \$16,965,000 outstanding in long-term bonds and notes, bearing interest rates of 2.0% to 6.0%, maturing through 2028.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget for FY 2015

Fiscal 2015 enrollment projections for the expanded district indicate that 5,356 students will attend the District with 4,574 students from the Town of Acton, and 782 students from the Town of Boxborough. The communities are governed by Boards of Selectmen and Open Town Meeting. Major employers of the two towns include Cisco Systems and Haartz Auto Fabric. Median family income and per capita income for both communities are significantly greater than the national and state averages.

<u>Year 2009</u>	Acton	<u>Boxborough</u>	Massachusetts	United States
Median Family Income	\$112,217	\$112,477	\$ 63,313	\$ 50,054
Per Capita Income	\$ 55,111	\$ 49,608	\$ 33,411	\$ 44,872

The District has an approved FY2015 general fund budget of \$76,003,826, which was subsequently increased to \$76,455,123. This represents a substantial increase increase over the final 2014 actual expenditures because of the expansion on the District to include the elementary schools from the Towns of Acton and Boxborough.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning any information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Director of Finance, Acton-Boxborough Regional School District, 16 Charter Road, Acton, Massachusetts 01720.

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ACTON-BOXBOROUGH REGIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

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ASSETS	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
Current Assets: Cash and Equivalents	\$ 3,629,966
Due from other governments	375,860
Receivable, other	124,884
Restricted cash Other	32,718
Other	434,522
Total current assets Noncurrent Assets:	4,597,950
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	56,914,061
Total noncurrent assets	56,914,061
Total Assets	61,512,011
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses	664 202
Accrued interest	661,303 210,580
Current portion of capital lease obligations	153,927
Current portion of longevity incentive	438,117
Current portion of bonds payable	1,325,000
Total current liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities:	2,788,927
Other post employment benefits obligation	12,173,196
Capital lease obligations, net of current portion	743,438
Longevity incentive, net of current portion	944,493
Bonds payable, net of current portion	15,640,000
Total noncurrent liabilities	29,501,127
Total Liabilities	32,290,054
NET POSITION Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for:	39,051,696
Other purposes Unrestricted DRAFT FOR DECESSION PERSONS OF	32,718 (9,862,457)
Total net position	\$ 29,221,957

ACTON-BOXBOROUGH REGIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

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		Program Revenue				
<u>Functions/Programs</u> Primary government	<u>Expenses</u>	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets	
Governmental Activities				_		
Administration	\$ 1,744,575	\$ 3,217		\$ -	\$ (1,741,358)	
Instructional leadership	2,429,666	48,904		-	(2,365,736)	
Classroom and specialist teachers	14,416,684	297,150		•	(13,850,868)	
Other teaching services	2,255,783	21,649		•	(1,639,427)	
Professional development	319,579	6,19		•	(215,789)	
Instructional materials, equipment and technology Guidance, counseling and testing	56,643	36,609		•	(19,808)	
Pupil services	1,611,481	5 000 CO		•	(1,611,481)	
Operations and maintenance	6,261,688 3,388,500	2,988,662	324,912	*	(2,948,114)	
Insurance	5,821,961	1,800	٠	-	(3,388,500)	
Retirement	6,420,560	1,000	4,957,120	•	(5,820,161)	
Community Education	2,772,809	2.772.809			(1,463,440)	
School lunch	928,124	798,408		•	•	
Capital outlay	(18,539)	1 50,450	448,706	•	407.045	
Tuition out	4,848,497			•	467,245 (3,443,677)	
Other	374,110	374,110		131,589	131,589	
Depreciation not allocated	2,506,285	97.4,170	•	101,000	(2,506,285)	
Interest and other charges	886,442	-		725,000	(161,442)	
Total governmental activities	57,024,848	7,349,510	8,241,497	856,589	(40,577,252)	
	General revenues: Member town ass State aid Investment earnin Miscellaneous Transfer in				32,282,400 7,296,104 9,889 53,177	
	Total general rev	venues			39,641,570	
	Change in net Net position - beginning				(935,682) 30,157,639	
	Net position - end of y	ear			\$ 29,221,957	

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ACTON-BOXBOROUGH REGIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

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100550	General Fund		Nonmajor Governmental General Funds			<u>Total</u> <u>Governmental</u> <u>Funds</u>		
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governments Receivables, other Restricted cash Prepaid expenses	\$	1,554,978 369,736 124,884 - 434,522	\$	2,074,988 6,124 - 32,718	\$	3,629,966 375,860 124,884 32,718 434,522		
Total assets	\$	2,484,120	\$	2,113,830	\$	4,597,950		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Total liabilities	_\$	661,303 661,303	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	661,303 661,303		
Fund balances; Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	-	434,522 7,526 - 692,074 688,695		248,801 - 1,865,029 -	-	434,522 256,327 - 2,557,103 688,695		
Total fund balances		1,822,817	****	2,113,830		3,936,647		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	2,484,120	\$	2,113,830	\$	4,597,950		

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ACTON-BOXBOROUGH REGIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

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Total fund balance, governmental funds

3,936,647

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Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Other assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in this fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.

56,914,061

In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding long-term debt whereas in Governmental Funds, interest is not reported until due.

(210,580)

Revenues are recognized on an accrual basis of accounting instead of a modified accrual basis.

Some liabilities, (such as Notes Payable, Capital Lease Contract Payable, Long-term Compensated Absences, and Bonds Payable), are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the govenmental activities of the Statement of Net Position

(31,418,171)

Net Position of Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position

29,221,957

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ACTON-BOXBOROUGH REGIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

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REVENUES	<u>Ge</u>	eneral Fund		Nonmajor vernmental Funds	Go	Total evernmental Funds
Member town assessments	\$	32,282,400	\$	-	\$	32,282,400
Intergovernmental	•	13,010,325	*	2,586,765	Ψ.	15,597,090
Charges for services		997,437		5,592,366		6,589,803
Investment earnings		9,889		0,002,000		9,889
Miscellaneous		50,975		2,202		53,177
Contributions and donations		-		700,218		700,218
Total revenues		46,351,026		8,881,551		55,232,577
EXPENDITURES						
Administration		1,741,358		3,217		1,744,575
Instructional leadership		2,365,736		63,930		2,429,666
Classroom and specialist teachers		14,149,929		375,770		14,525,699
Other teaching services		1,596,593		659,190		2,255,783
Professional development		215,789		103,790		319,579
Instructional materials, equipment and technology		581,170		36,835		
Cuidanaa aassaadina and taatina		1,611,481		20 ¹ 025		618,005
Pupil services		4,705,095		1,556,593		1,611,481 6,261,688
Operations and maintenance		3,388,500		1,000,093		
Insurance		4,825,236		1 900		3,388,500
Retirement		6,417,954		1,800		4,827,036
Community education		0,417,804		2,606		6,420,560
School lunch		•		2,772,809		2,772,809
Capital outlay		400.010		928,124		928,124
Tuition out		490,012		448,892		938,904
Other		3,443,677		1,404,820		4,848,497
Debt service:				374,110		374,110
Principal		1,235,000		725,000		1,960,000
Interest and other charges		784,295		131,589		915,884
Total Expenditures		47,551,825		9,589,075		57,140,900
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(1,200,799)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Excess (delicitation) of revenines over experimitales		(1,200,799)	THE W.L.	(707,524)		(1,908,323)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Proceeds from refunding bonds		-		13,395,000		13,395,000
Premium from Issuance of refunding bonds				1,789,200		1,789,200
Payments to refunded bond escrow agent		-		(14,327,611)		(14,327,611)
Transfers in (out)		1,769		(1,769)		
Total other financing sources and uses		1,769		854,820		856,589
Net change in fund balances		(1,199,030)		147,298		(1,051,734)
Fund balances - beginning of year		3,021,847		1,966,534		4,988,381
Fund balances - end of year	\$	1,822,817	\$	2,113,830	\$	3,936,647

CRAFT FOR DISCUSSION PURFOSES ONLY

See accompanying notes to financial statements

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERMENMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:

\$ (1,051,734)

Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

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Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures because such outlays use current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only a portion of the outlay as expense. The outlay is allocated over the assets' estimated useful lives as depreciation expense for the period.

This is the amount by which capital outlays (\$1,339,791) exceeded depreciation (\$2,506,285) in the current period.

(1,166,494)

Governmental funds do not present revenues that are not available to pay current obligations. In contrast, such revenues are reported in the Statement of Activities when earned.

Governmental funds report bond proceeds as current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats such issuance of debt as a liability. Governmental funds report repayment of bond principal as an expenditure, In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats such repayments as a reduction in long-term liabilities. This is the amount by which payments exceeded proceeds.

1,960,000 (13,395,000)

Proceeds from refunding bonds
Payments to refunded bond escrow agent
Premium from issuance of refunding bonds

14,327,611 (932,611)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and these are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:

Net change in other post employment benefits liability Capital lease payment (994,925) 149,741

Accrued interest not reflected on Governmental funds Retirement

58,715 109,015

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ (935,682)

DRAFT FOR DISCUSSION PURPOSES ONLY

ACTON-BOXBOROUGH REGIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET TO ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

[7] 《多数集中》中的4556年,《图1777年,在3000年版》,《**2000年版**的《1990年版》(1990年版》)(2000年度1991年)(1990年度1991年)(1990年度1991年)(1990年度1991年)

	Budgete	d Amo	unts		ual Amounts,	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive Vegative)
	 <u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>			_	
REVENUES							
Member town assessments	\$ 32,282,400	\$	32,282,400	\$	32,282,400	\$	-
Intergovernmental	7,954,973		8,029,835		8,055,811		25,976
Charges for services	-		1,089,571		997,437		(92,134)
Investment earnings	7		, -		9,889		9,889
Miscellaneous	 		-		142,388		142,388
Total revenues	 40,237,373		41,401,806		41,487,925		86,119
EXPENDITURES							
Administration	1,458,277		1,475,899		1,770,844		(294,945)
Instructional leadership	2,470,225		2,470,225		2,377,594		92,631
Classroom and specialist teachers	14,417,534		14,391,160		14,149,929		241,231
Other teaching services	1,591,719		1,624,830		1,604,539		20,291
Professional development	210,926		229,467		222,672		6,795
Instructional materials, equipment and technology	637,269		652,923		622,291		30,632
Guldance, counseling and testing	1,649,217		1,649,110		1,611,481		37,629
Pupil services	3,464,921		4,617,991		4,716,774		(98,783)
Operations and maintenance	3,289,375		3,288,638		3,401,289		(112,651)
Insurance	4,955,136		4,955,136		4,826,877		128,259
Retirement	1,467,491		1,467,491		1,463,440		4,051
Capital outlay	480,087		480,087		552,387		(72,300)
Tuition out	3,593,264		3,582,494		3,449,663		132,831
Other	75,899		-		91,413		(91,413)
Debt service	 2,020,296		2,020,296		2,019,295	*****	1,001
Total Expenditures	 41,781,636		42,905,747		42,880,488		25,259
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	 (1,544,263)		(1,503,941)	*******	(1,392,563)		111,378
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	-		-		1,769		1,769
Transfers out	 						-
Total other financing sources and uses	 				1,769	1	1,769
Net change in fund balances	(1,544,263)		(1,503,941)		(1,390,794)		113,147
Fund balances - beginning of year	 3,021,847		3,021,847		3,021,847		
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 1,477,584	\$	1,517,906	\$	1,631,053	\$	113,147

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ACTON-BOXBOROUGH REGIONAL SCSHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

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ASSETS	Em	ner Post- ployment efits Trust	Tr	ate Purpose ust Fund - Simple	Agency Fund		
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	2,905 674,807	\$	298,271	\$	97,736 	
Total assets		677,712		298,271		97,736	
LIABILITIES Due to student groups		_		-	-	97,736	
Total liabilities			·	-		97,736	
NET POSITION Held in trust for benefits and other purposes	\$	677,712	\$	298,271	\$		



ACTON-BOXBOROUGH REGIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	<u>Oth</u> Emi Bend	Private Purpose Trust Fund - Simple		
ADDITIONS Contributions Investment earnings	\$	376,000 58,370	\$	22,020 653
Total additions	<u> </u>	434,370		22,673
DEDUCTIONS Scholarships awarded				38,150
Total deductions		-	·	38,150
Change in net position Transfer to other funds Net position - beginning of year		434,370 - 243,342		(15,477) - 313,748
Net position - end of year	\$	677,712	\$	298,271

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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. General Statement

The Acton-Boxborough Regional School District, Acton, Massachusetts (the "School District") was established in 1955 under Chapter 71 of the Massachusetts General Laws, as amended and supplemented, and an Agreement, as amended, between the Towns of Acton, Massachusetts and Boxborough, Massachusetts for the purpose of providing academic and certain vocational technical education in all grades from grade seven through grade twelve.

The powers and duties of the School District are vested in and exercised by the Acton-Boxborough Regional School District School Committee (the Committee). The Committee is presently composed of nine members, six from the Town of Acton and three from the Town of Boxborough.

The accounting and reporting policies of the School District relating to the funds included in the accompanying basic financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to state and local governments. Generally accepted accounting principles for local governments include those principles prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the American Institute of Certified Public Accounts in the publication entitled <u>Audits of State and Local Governmental Units</u> and by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (when applicable).

Effective July 1, 2014, pursuant to an amended Regional School Agreement dated June 4, 2014, the School District was expanded to include all grades from preschool to grade twelve, inclusive. The amended agreement also revised committee membership and certain financial calculations relative to the calculation of each town's assessment.

B. Financial Reporting Entity

The School District's basic financial statements include the accounts of all School operations. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the School District's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, include whether:

- * The organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in their own name)
- * The School District holds the corporate powers of the organization
- * The School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- * The School District is able to impose its will on the organization
- * The organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the School District
- * There is fiscal dependency by the organization on the School District

Based on the aforementioned criteria, the Acton-Boxborough Regional School District has no component units.

Joint Venture

A joint venture is an organization (resulting from a contractual arrangement) that is owned, operated or governed by two or more participants as a separate and specific activity subject to joint control in which the participant retains an ongoing financial interest or ongoing financial responsibility. Joint control means that no single participant has the ability to unilaterally control the financial or operating policies of the joint venture. The Acton-Boxborough Regional School District has no joint ventures.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report information on all of the activities of the School District. The effect of interfund activity, within the governmental and business-type activities columns, has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, assessments and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific program. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given program and 2) operating or capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and assessments and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements:

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The School District segregates transactions related to certain functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Separate statements are presented for governmental and proprietary activities. These statements present each major fund as a separate column on the fund financial statements; all non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column,

Governmental funds are those funds through which most governmental activities typically are financed. The measurement focus of governmental funds is on the sources, uses and balance of current financial resources. The School District has presented the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This fund is the main operating fund of the School District. It is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for in other funds. All general tax and assessment revenues and other receipts that are not restricted by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures, fixed charges and capital improvements costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund. The general fund is always considered a major fund.

The nonmajor governmental funds consist of other special revenue, capital projects and permanent funds that are aggregated and presented in the **nonmajor governmental funds** column on the governmental funds financial statements. The following describes the general use of these fund types:

<u>Special Revenue Fund</u> — This fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than capital projects or expendable trusts) that are restricted by law or administrative action to expenditures for specified purposes.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by enterprise funds).

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements:

Proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and use the accrual basis of accounting, whereby revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the liabilities are incurred.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary funds principal ongoing operations.

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements:

Fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held in a trustee capacity for others that cannot be used to support the government's programs. The following fiduciary funds are reported:

<u>Private-Purpose Trust Funds</u> – This fund is used to account for resources legally held in trust for student scholarships.

Agency Funds – This fund is used to account for assets held by the School District as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and/or other governmental units. The School District reports Student Activity Funds in the Agency Fund.

Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund - This fund is used to account for funds to offset the anticipated cost of premium payments for or direct payments to be made to retired employees of the School District, and to any eligible surviving spouse of or dependents of deceased employees of the School District.

D. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations on their use either through the enabling legislations adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

E. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable — The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of interfund loans.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation (Massachusetts General Laws).

Enabling legislation authorizes the School District to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. Legal enforceability means that the School District can be compelled by an external party, such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purposes specified by the legislation.

<u>Committed</u> — The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (ordinance or resolution) of School Committee. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School Committee removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. In contrast to fund balance that is restricted by enabling legislation, committed fund balance classifications may be redeployed for other purposes with appropriate due process. Constraints imposed on the use of committed amounts by School Committee, separate from the authorization to raise the underlying revenue; therefore, compliance with these constraints is not considered to be legally enforceable. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by School Committee or a School District official delegated that authority by the Regional School District Agreement or ordinance.

<u>Unassigned</u> – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The School District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

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F. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus refers to what is being measured; basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The government-wide statements and fund financial statements for proprietary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The economic resources measurement focus means all assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current) are included on the statement of net position and the operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned. Expenses are recognized at the time the liability is incurred.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual; i.e., when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period.

A one-year availability period is used for recognition of all other Government Fund revenues. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, early retirement costs, claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

The revenues susceptible to accrual are assessments, fees, licenses, charges for service, interest income and intergovernmental revenues. All other governmental fund revenue is recognized when received.

G. Budgetary Control

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The School Committee annually determines the amount to be raised (after deducting the amount of anticipated revenues the School District expects to receive) to maintain and operate the School District during the next fiscal year and apportions the amount among the member towns in accordance with the terms of the regional agreement.

The amounts apportioned to each town are certified by the School District Treasurer to the Treasurers of the member towns. Each town takes action on the amounts certified at the next annual town meeting.

An annual budget is adopted for the general fund in conformity with the guidelines described above. The original fiscal year 2014 approved budget for the general fund was \$41,008,031 in appropriations and carryforwards. During fiscal year 2014, there were \$1,124,111 in supplemental changes in appropriations.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund presents a comparison of budgetary data to actual results. The General Fund utilizes the same basis of accounting for both budgetary purposes and actual results, except for the effect of encumbrances and continuing appropriations, which are adjusted to the actual results for comparison. Deficits, if any, are raised in the subsequent year's budget process.

H. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

I. Inventories of Supplies

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Supplies are considered to be expenditures at the time of purchase and are not included in the statement of net assets as inventories.

J. Cash and Investments

Cash of all funds, including restricted cash, are pooled into common pooled accounts in order to maximize investment opportunities. Each fund whose monies are deposited in the pooled cash accounts has equity therein, and interest earned on the investment of these monies is allocated based upon relative equity and month end.

An individual fund's pooled Cash and Cash Investments are available upon demand and are considered to be "cash equivalents" when preparing these financial statements. In addition, any marketable securities not included in the common pooled accounts that are purchased with a maturity of ninety days or less is also considered being "cash equivalents".

All investments are recorded at fair value based on quoted market prices. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties.

K. Interfund Receivable and Payables

Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

L. Compensated Absences

Employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts based on collective bargaining agreements, state laws and executive policies. Administrative, support personnel and custodians are allowed to carryover a maximum of 15 days of vacation leave.

As a possible incentive for employment longevity, a sum of money will be paid to teacher having taught in the School District for at least ten tears, calculated by multiplying the difference between the teacher's last annual Schedule A salary and that for a Step One on the bachelor's level for that same year and the relevant multiplication factor. A similar incentive exists for administrators.

M. Encumbrances and Continuing Appropriations

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for fund expenditures are recorded in order to reserve portions of the applicable appropriation, is employed in the governmental funds. Open encumbrances at year-end are reported as reservations of fund balances since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

Certain unexpended and unencumbered appropriations for incomplete projects are carried over to succeeding years. Such continuing appropriations are accounted for similar to encumbrances. Other unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end.

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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

N. Transactions Between Funds

Legally authorized transfers are treated as interfund transfers and are included in the results of operations of both Governmental and Proprietary Funds.

O. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government -wide financial statements and in the fund financial statements for proprietary funds. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical is not available. Donated assets are valued at their fair market value on the date donated. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses. Renewals and betterments are capitalized. Interest has not been capitalized during the construction period on property, plant and equipment.

Assets capitalized, not including infrastructure assets, have an original cost of \$5,000 or more and over three years of useful life. Infrastructure assets capitalized have an original cost of \$25,000 or more. Depreciation has been calculated on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings 40 Years
Machinery and Equipment 5-10 Years
Improvements 15 Years

P. Claims and Judgments

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Estimated losses from judgments and claims are recorded in the Government-Wide financial statements as a liability and as an expense if the loss is probable and amounts can be reasonably estimated.

O. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

A summary reconciliation of the difference between total fund balances as reflected on the governmental funds balance sheet and total net position for governmental activities as shown on the government-wide statement of net position is presented in an accompanying schedule to the governmental funds balance sheet. The asset and liability elements, which comprise the reconciliation difference, stem from governmental funds using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting while the government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

2 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The School District offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Sections 457. The plan, available to all School District employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

3 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The Acton-Boxborough Regional School District prepares its annual budget on a basis (budget basis), which differs from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP basis). The budget and all transactions are presented in accordance with the School District's method (budget basis) in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund to provide meaningful comparison of actual results with budget. The major differences between budget and GAAP basis in the General Fund are that encumbrances are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures (budget) as opposed to a reservation of fund balance (GAAP).

Adjustments necessary to convert the General Fund's excess of revenues over expenditures on the budget basis to a GAAP basis are provided below:

Excess of revenues over expenditures – budget basis	\$(1,392,563)
End of year adjustment for encumbrances recognized as expenditures	191,764
Record revenue recognized from bond premium used to pay debt principal	725,000
Record expenditure for debt principal from bond premium	(725,000)
Record revenue recognized for MTRS on-behalf payments	4,954,514
Record expenditures recognized for MTRS on-behalf payments	(4,954,514)

Excess of revenues over expenditures – GAAP basis

\$(1,200,799)

4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

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State and local statutes place certain limitations on the nature of deposits and investments available to the School District. Deposits (including demand deposits, term deposits and certificates of deposit) in any one financial institution may not exceed certain levels without collateralization or insurance protection by the financial institutions involved. Investments can be made in securities unconditionally guaranteed by the U.S. Government with maturities of 90 days or less which are collateralized by such securities. The School District also has the authority to purchase units in the Massachusetts Municipal Depository Trust (MMDT), a pooled fund managed for the Commonwealth.

The School District has expanded investment powers, including the ability to invest in equity securities, corporate bonds and other specified investments in relation to the School District's restricted investments in the Fiduciary Funds.

The composition of the School District's deposits and investments fluctuates throughout the year depending on the timing of assessment receipts, proceeds from borrowings, collections of state and federal aid, and capital outlays.

The School District maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds with unrestricted cash and investments.

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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

<u>Deposits - Custodial Credit Risk</u>

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be recovered. The School District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk of deposits. As of June 30, 2014, \$3,034,261 of the School District's bank balance of \$4,461,983 was uninsured and uncollateralized and, therefore, exposed to custodial credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk of investments.

Interest Rate Risk of Debt Securities – Investments

Interest rate risk of debt securities for investments is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt securities will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School District does not have a policy for interest rate risk of debt securities.

Credit Risk of Debt Securities – Investments

Credit risk of debt securities for investments is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to a debt security will not fulfill its obligation. The School District does not have a policy for credit risk of debt securities.

5 - PENSION PLANS

Middlesex Contributory Retirement System

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Plan Description and Provisions

The School District provides pension benefits for substantially all employees except teachers through the Middlesex Contributory Retirement System (MCRS), a cost sharing multiple-employer retirement system established under the Massachusetts Contributory Retirement Law. Benefit provisions and contribution requirements are established by state law.

The System provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries up to two and one-half times (2-1/2x) the number of years of service, expressed as a percentage, times a member's average annual compensation for the past three years. Benefit payments are based upon a member's age, length of creditable service, level of compensation and group classification.

Members of the system become vested after 10 years of creditable service. A retirement allowance may be received upon reaching age 65 or upon retirement at age 55 if the Participant (1) has a record of 10 years creditable service, (2) was on the School District payroll on January 1, 1978, (3) voluntarily left the School District employment on or after that date, and (4) left accumulated annuity deductions in the Fund. Plan members who become permanently and totally disabled may be eligible to receive a disability retirement allowance.

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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The MCRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information.

Funding Policy

Active plan members contribute either 5, 7, 8, or 9% of their gross regular compensation depending on the date upon which their membership began, on a pre-tax basis. Members hired after December 31, 1978 must contribute an additional 2% of regular compensation in excess of \$30,000. The School District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate; the current average rate is 8.9% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the MCRS board of trustees.

Annual Pension Cost

For 2014, the School District's annual pension cost of \$1,098,530 was equal to the School District's required and actual contributions. The periodic employer contributions to the retirement system are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Normal cost is funded on a current basis. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is funded on a schedule that ends no later than the year 2040. The annual amortization of the unfunded actuarial liability increases each year by 4.0%. The funding strategy for normal cost and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability should provide sufficient resources to pay employee pension benefits on a timely basis. The Commonwealth of Massachusetts currently reimburses the System on a quarterly basis for the portion of benefit payments owing to cost-of-living increases granted after the implementation of Proposition 2-1/2.

The significant actuarial assumptions used in the determination of the standardized measure of the pension obligation and contributions are summarized below:

- (1) The rate of return on the investment of present and future assets is 8% per year, compounded annually.
- (2) Future pension payments reflect an assumption of 4.75% to 5.25% salary increase per year.
- (3) Future pension payments reflect no post-retirement benefit increases.

	Three Year Trend Inform	ation	DEAFT	FOR	DISCUSSION	Millaces	A COLUMN TO THE PROPERTY OF TH
Fiscal Year	Annual Pension	Percentage of APC	Ellengerüben termen volentus.	يتذابر التوسوري العير الدينة المتاثر	eneralismise print superiorismise situativas (il per estimato estimato estimato estimato estimato estimato est	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	All the second s
Funding 2012	<u>Cost (APC)</u> \$ 924,659	Contribution 100%					
2013 2014	968,434 1,098,530	100% 100%					

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Massachusetts Teachers' Retirement System, a Noncontributing Employer Plan

The majority of the employees of the School Department participate in a contributory retirement plan administered by the Massachusetts Teachers' Retirement Board. Benefit provisions and contribution requirements are established by state law. Eligibility requirements for participation are as follows:

- * The employee must be employed on at least a half-time basis in a contracted professional position within the public school system located in Massachusetts.
- * The employee must be certified by the Massachusetts Department of Education for a position which requires certification.

Participation in the plan requires that members contribute a fixed percentage of their compensation (either 5%, 7%, 8%, or 9%) each pay period. This percentage varies depending upon the date of employment. Members hired after December 31, 1978 must contribute an additional 2% of regular compensation in excess of \$30,000. Employee contributions vest immediately. After 10 years of service employee benefits become fully vested. After 20 years, or upon having attained the age of 55 with at least 10 years of service, employees are eligible to receive benefits under the plan. Benefits are based on the average of the three highest-salaried years of employee service and are determined in a manner similar to the provisions of MCRS.

The School District has no obligation to contribute to the plan. All pension benefits and expenses paid by the Teachers Retirement Board are funded by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. Payments made by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts on behalf of the School District amounted to \$4,954,514 in fiscal 2014 and are reflected as revenues and corresponding expenditures in the School District's financial statements.

6 - POST RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The School District pays 50 percent of the cost of insurance premiums for health benefits for all personnel who attain retirement age while in the employment of the School District. These costs are appropriated and expended in the fiscal year incurred.

7 - <u>SELF INSURANCE PLANS</u>

Health Insurance - The School District is a member of the Acton Health Insurance Trust (the Trust), a two member organization established pursuant to Chapter 32B, Section 12 (Joint Purchase and Negotiation of Health Insurance) and Chapter 40, Section 3A, of the Massachusetts General Laws to obtain health insurance for its member governments at costs eligible to larger groups. The Trust offers health insurance options through Blue Cross/Blue Shield, Master Health Plus and Harvard-Pilgrim, Health Maintenance Organization (HMO), and Tufts Medicare Preferred plans.

Each member is charged a premium for coverage based on individual and family rates as determined by the Board of Trustees in conjunction with its trust administrator. Included in these rates is an estimate for the incurred but not reported self-insurance claims. Ultimate liability for claims remains with the respective members and, accordingly, the insurance risks are not transferred to the Trust.

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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The unaudited financial statements of the Trust as of June 30, 2014, reflected a liability for unpaid claims of \$850,000 and a fund surplus of \$2,482,579.

8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated	b 404.440	di	ф	ф <u>404</u> 440
Land	\$ <u>404,440</u>	\$	\$	\$ <u>404,440</u>
Total capital assets, not	404 440			404 440
being depreciated	<u>404,440</u>		**************************************	404,440
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Buildings	76,853,999	-	-	76,853,999
Equipment	5,279,118	561,362	-	5,840,480
Improvements	2,072,802	<u>778,429</u>	_	<u>2,851,231</u>
Total capital assets,				
being depreciated	84,205,919	1,339,791		85,545,710
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	23,042,397	2,007,781	-	25,050,178
Equipment	2,848,406		_	3,222,752
Improvements	639,001	124,158	_	763,159
Total accumulated depreciation	26,529,804	2,506,285	_	29,036,089
Total accumulated depressation	20,027,001		***************************************	
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated, net	57,676,115	(1,166,494)		56,509,621
Governmental activities capital, assets net of accumulated				
depreciation	<u>\$58,080,555</u>	<u>\$ (1,166,494</u>)	<u>\$ -</u>	\$56,914,061

Depreciation expense was not charged to various functions but shown as a separate line item as unallocated in the statement of activities

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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Unmatured general obligation bonds and notes payable consist of the following:

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Purpose of Issue	Governmental	Business-type	
JHS Addition, serial issue maturities through			
2016, bearing interest rates of 4% to 6%	\$ 50,000	\$ -	
Refunding Issue, serial issue maturities through			
2025, bearing interest rate of 4%	13,395,000	-	
JHS Addition, serial issue maturities through			
2015, bearing interest rates of 3% to 5.25%	270,000	. *	
Athletic Fields, serial issue maturities through			
2028, bearing interest rates of 2% to 3%	1,410,000	-	
SHS Addition, serial issue maturities through			
2016, bearing interest rates of 4% to 6%	<u>1,840,000</u>		

	\$16,965,000	\$ -	

General Obligation Bonds

General obligation bonds are backed by the full faith and credit of the School District. The state has approved school construction assistance subject to annual appropriation by the legislature to partially provide resources for future principal and interest requirements.

Bond anticipation notes are classified as general obligation bonds when the criteria established by FASB-6, Classification of Short-Term Obligations Expected to be Refinanced, are satisfied.

Arbitrage provisions of the Internal Revenue Tax Act of 1986 require the School District to rebate excess arbitrage earnings from bond proceeds to the federal government.

The School District is subject to various debt limits by statute and may issue additional general obligation debt under the normal debt limit.

Transactions for the year ended Jur	onpws.	MART FOR OCCUPATION PURPOSES IN			
	Balance July 1	Issues or Additions	Payments or Expenditures	Balance June 30	Due Within One Year
Governmental Type Activities					
General Obligation Bonds	\$18,925,000	\$ -	\$ 1,960,000	\$16,965,000	\$ 1,325,000
Net OPEB Obligation	11,178,271	994,925	· · · · ·	12,173,196	-
Longevity Incentive	1,491,625	· -	109,015	1,382,610	438,117
Capital Lease Obligations	1,047,106	-	149,741	897,365	<u>153,927</u>
Total government	\$32,642,002 ======	\$ 994,925	\$ 2,218,756	\$31,418,171	\$ 1,917,044

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Annual Requirements to Retire Debt Obligations

The annual aggregate maturities for each bond type for the years subsequent to June 30, 2014 are as follows:

	Government	al Activities	Business-ty		
Year Ending					
June 30	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2015	\$ 1,325,000	\$ 597,733	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,922,733
2016	1,315,000	605,742	-	-	1,920,742
2017	1,410,000	549,218	-	-	1,959,218
2018	1,435,000	493,717	-	-	1,928,717
2019	1,460,000	437,518		4	1,897,518
2020 - 2024	8,035,000	1,302,287	-	-	9,337,287
2025 - 2028	1,985,000	80,581		-	2,065,581
Total	\$16,965,000	\$ 4,066,796	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 21,031,796

Bonds Authorized and Unissued

The School District is subject to a dual level general debt limit; the normal debt limit and the double debt limit. Such limits are equal to 2-1/2% and 5%, respectively, of the valuation of taxable property in the School District as last equalized by the Commonwealth's Department of Revenue. Debt may be authorized up to the normal debt limit without state approval. Authorizations under the double debt limit, however, require the approval of the Commonwealth's Emergency Finance Board. Additionally, there may be categories of general obligation debt which are exempt from the debt limit but are subject to other limitations, including debt incurred under the Funding Loan Act of 1971.

In order to take advantage of favorable interest rates, the School District issued \$13,395,000 of General Obligation Refunding Bonds on March 12, 2014. \$14,120,000 of general obligation bonds were advanced refunded by placing the proceeds of the refunding bonds and \$1,730,378 of available funds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the refunded bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the statement of net position.

10 - TEMPORARY BORROWINGS

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Under state law and by authorization of the School Committee, the School District is authorized to borrow on a temporary basis to fund the following:

- (1) Current operating costs prior to the collection of revenues through the issuance of revenue or tax anticipation notes (RANs or TANs).
- (2) Capital project costs incurred prior to obtaining permanent financing through issuance of bond anticipation notes (BANs).
- (3) Federal and state aided capital projects and other program expenditures prior to receiving reimbursement through issuance of Federal and state aid anticipation notes (FANs and SANs).

Temporary loans are general obligations of the School District and carry maturity dates which are limited by statute.

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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

11 - CONTINGENCIES

The School District is a party to numerous legal proceedings, many of which normally occur in governmental operations. The legal proceedings, in the opinion of District Counsel, are not likely to have a material adverse impact on the School District's financial position.

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustments by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the School District. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the School District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The School District has an obligation to the Town of Acton for \$4,290,000 in avoided costs for construction of the Middle Fort Pond Brook Sewer District. This amount represents the total projected costs to construct an on-site facility and sewerage collection system for the school campus located on Charter and Hayward roads. The School District has made payments to date in the amount of \$1,916,300.

12 - RISK FINANCING

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; workers compensation claims; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the School District carries commercial insurance.

13 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS

Plan Description - The School District provides health and life insurance coverage for its retirees and their survivors (hereinafter referred to as the "Plan") as a single-employer defined benefits Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan. Chapter 32B of the Massachusetts General Laws (MGL) assigns authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. Changes to plan design and contribution rates must be accomplished through the collective bargaining process. The Plan does not issue a stand alone financial report but rather is included in the School District's financial statements as a Fiduciary Fund.

The number of participants as of December 31, 2012, the latest actuarial valuation, is as follows:

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Retired employees and beneficiaries 256	agenting the second section of the second section of the second section of the second section of the second sec
ne:	PART FOR DESCRIPTION POPULATION OF THE
Total 591	and the state of t

Funding Policy – The contribution requirements of the Plan and the School District are established, and may be amended, by the School District. The current required health insurance contribution rates of Plan members and the School District are currently 25% and 75%, respectfully, and 50% for retirees. The Plan members and the School District each contribute 50% towards a \$15,000 term life insurance premium. The School District currently contributes enough money to the Plan to satisfy current obligations on a pay-as-you-go basis.

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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Annual OPEB and NET OPEB Obligation — The School District's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the employer, an actuarially determined amount that is calculated in accordance with the parameters set forth in GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The components of the School District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the School District's net OPEB obligation are summarized in the following table:

Normal cost Amortization of unfunded actuarial	\$	932,905
accrued liability Interest on OPEB obligation		1,269,759 782,479
Other adjustments		(579,211)
Annual OPEB cost		2,405,932
Contributions made		1,411,007
Increase in net OPEB obligation		994,925
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	1	1,178,271
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$1 =	2,173,196

Trend information regarding annual pension cost, the percentage of the annual pension cost contribution and the net pension obligation is as follows:

		Percentage of	
		Annual OPEB	
Fiscal Year	Annual	Cost	Net OPEB
Ended	OPEB Cost	Contributed	Obligation
6/30/2014	\$ 2,405,932	58.65%	\$12,173,196
6/30/2013	2,259,411	50.73%	11,178,271
6/30/2012	3,652,064	30.64%	10,065,082
6/30/2011	3,442,190	28,10%	7,532,146
6/30/2010	3,352,547	22,68%	5,057,161
6/30/2009	3,167,861	22.19%	2,464,939

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Funding Status and Funding Progress - The funding status of the Plan, based upon actuarial valuations, is as follows:

	•	Actuarial					
		Accrued					UAAL as a
	Actuarial	Liability (AAL) Unfunded				Percentage
Actuarial	Value of	Projected Unit	AAL	Funded	(Covered	of Covered
Valuation	Assets	Credit	(UAAL)	Ratio		Payroll	Payroll
Date	(A)	(B)	(B-A)_	(A/B)		(C)	((B-A)/C)
12/31/12	\$ 239,760	\$23,165,854	\$22,926,094	\$ 1.03%	\$	N/A	N/A
12/31/10	· -	43,598,411	43,598,411	-		N/A	N/A
12/31/07	۵.	35,757,233	35,757,233	-		N/A	N/A

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions - Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive Plan (the Plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and Plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculation.

The significant methods and assumptions as of the latest actuarial valuation are as follows:

Valuation date:

Actuarial cost method:

Amortization method: Remaining amortization period:

Interest discount rate:

Healthcare/medical cost trend rate:

December 31, 2012

Projected Unit Credit

Projected Unit Credit

30 Years Open

7%

8% for six years decreasing by .5% to an

ultimate level of 5% per year

Allocation of OPEB - OPEB costs were allocated 100% to the School District's insurance expense under governmental activities.

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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

14 - LEASES

The School District is obligated 50/50 with the Town of Acton under several leases for motor vehicles and equipment accounted for as a capital lease. The lease obligations are accounted for as a liability in the government-wide financial statements.

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under capital leases, together with the net present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2014:

Year Ending		
June 30		
2015	\$	179,014
2016		179,015
2017		179,014
2018	_	434,367
Minimum lease payments for all capital leases Less: Amount representing interest at the School		971,410
District's incremental borrowing rate of interest	-	74,045
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	897,365

Included in capital assets is approximately \$1,648,411 in capital leases for vehicles and equipment.



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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

15- TRUST FUNDS

A summary of trust fund balances at June 30, 2014 is as follows:

James Kinsley	\$	37,500
Katherine Kinsley		29,140
Acton-Boxborough Jamboree		2,907
American Legion 284		46,531
Brody Family Peer Leadership		34
John Prendiville Memorial		7,929
Charles Battit Memorial	•	24,089
Jean DeBaggis Memorial		2,945
Mary and Peter Smoltees		35,644
Raymond J. Grey School		14,097
Andrew Gratz Memorial		9
Fred Kennedy Memorial		2,780
Judith Scott Memorial		77
General Scholarships		(942
Charles Brosie Memorial		4,667
Thomas Meagher Memorial		5,849
R&E Matusow Memorial		50,129
R. Bartolomeo Memorial		1
Sandra Wilensky Memorial		2,104
Frederick Joyce Memorial		8,800
R & R Dow		4
Alma Parkhurst		22,799
Dennis Kulsick Memorial		1,178

\$ 298,271



NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

16 - FUND BALANCES

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

		Nonmajor Governmental	
Fund Balances	<u>General</u>	<u>Funds</u>	Total
Nonspendable;	m 42.4 520	ф	m 424 502
Prepaid expenses	\$ <u>434,522</u>	\$	\$ <u>434,522</u>
Total Nonspendable	434,522	-	434,522
Restricted For:			
Reserved for debt service	7,526	-	7,526
Revolving accounts	-	216,083	216,083
Federal and state grants		32,718	32,718
Total Restricted	7,526	248,801	256,327
Committed To:	**************************************		led .
Assigned To:			
Capital projects	-	3,821	3,821
Revolving accounts		1,861,208	1,861,208
Encumbrances	192,074	•	192,074
Designated for next year	500,000	and the second s	500,000
Total Assigned	692,074	1,865,029	2,557,103
Unassigned:	688,695		688,695
Total Fund Balances	\$1,822,817	\$2,113,830	\$ 3,936,647

OWNER PER PERSONAL PRESSERVE STATE

ACCOMPANYING INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF TREASURER'S CASH

JUNE 30, 2014

Northern Bank and Trust	\$ 1,711,013
Middlesex Savings Bank	243,014
Workers Credit Union	315,547
Massachusetts Municipal Depository Trust	366,648
Paypal	40,360
Eastern Bank	<u>1,376,799</u>
Other	4,053,381
Petty Cash	5,310
Total Treasurer's Cash	\$ 4,058,691

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

JUNE 30, 2014

Middlesex County Retirement System

Schedule of Funding Progress

	Actuarial	Actuarial Accrued	Unfunded			UAAL as a Percentage
Actuarial	Value of	Liability (AAL)	AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Valuation	Assets	Entry Age	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date	(A)	<u>(B)</u>	(B-A)	(A/B)	(C)	((B-A)/C)
01/01/12	\$862,323,395	\$1,974,144,909	\$1,111,821,514	43.7%	\$ 393,100,995	282.8%
01/01/10	819,987,914	1,742,380,855	922,392,941	47.1%	384,598,692	239.8%
01/01/08	774,863,669	1,529,806,307	754,942,638	50.7%	360,206,302	209.6%
01/01/06	653,156,866	1,364,582,969	711,426,103	47.9%	330,999,861	214.9%
01/01/04	618,163,380	1,223,828,127	605,664,747	50.5%	306,025,949	197.9%
01/01/02	599,699,143	1,020,828,178	421,129,035	58.7%	280,740,439	150.0%
01/01/00	570,263,467	905,280,472	335,017,005	63.0%	253,228,818	132.3%
01/01/98	476,708,969	763,093,878	286,384,909	62.5%	215,380,186	133.0%
01/01/96	373,750,361	634,920,488	261,170,127	58.9%	218,345,024	119.6%

The School District's share of the UAAL, as of January 1, 2012, is 1.20%.

Schedule of Employer Contributions

•				Acton-	Boxborough
	System Wide			Regional	School District
					(B/A)
	Annual	(A)		(B)	District's Percentage
	Required	Actual	Percentage	Actual	of System Wide
Fiscal Year	Contributions	Contributions	<u>Contributed</u>	<u>Contributions</u>	Actual Contributions
2014	\$ 88,757,354	\$ 88,757,354	100%	\$ 1,098,530	1,24%
2013	83,369,820	83,369,820	100%	968,434	1.16%
2012	79,640,5 99	79,640,599	100%	924,659	1.16%
2011	76,243,557	76,243,557	100%	842,449	1.10%

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NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

JUNE 30, 2014

MIDDLESEX COUNTY RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The School District contributes to the Middlesex County Retirement System (Retirement System), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan (Plan) administered by the Middlesex Retirement Board. The Retirement System provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to members and beneficiaries. Chapter 32 of the MGL assigns authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to members and beneficiaries. Plan members are required to contribute to the Retirement System at rates ranging from 5% to 11% of annual covered compensation. The School District is required to pay into the Retirement System its share of the system wide actuarially determined contribution which is apportioned to employers based on active covered payroll.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information, following the notes to the basic financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits. Additionally, the schedule of employer contributions, presented as required supplementary information, presents multiyear trend information for required and actual contributions relating to the cost-sharing plan as a whole, of which the School District is one participating employer, as well as, the School District's proportionate share of the plan's annual contributions. This information is designed to be helpful for understanding the scale of the information relative to the School District.

The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the Retirement System's most recent actuarial valuation:

January 1, 2012

Entry Age Normal Cost Method

liability will be amortized on a 4% annual

Valuation Date:

Actuarial Cost Method:

Amortization Method:

Remaining Amortization Period:

Asset Valuation Method:

Actuarial Assumptions; Investment rate of return Projected salary increases Cost of living adjustments The difference between the expected return and the actual investment return on a market value basis is recognized over a

8.00%

4.75% for Group 1 and 5.25% for Group 4 3% of first \$14,000 of retirement income

Plan Membership:

Retired participants and beneficiaries receiving benefits
Inactive participants entitled to a return of their employee contributions
Inactive participants with a vested right to a deferred or immediate benefit

Active participants

394 <u>8,979</u>

4,886

2,708

Prior year's total contribution increased 6.5% for fiscal 2014 through fiscal 2020, and thereafter the remaining unfunded

increasing basis; ERI liability amortized in level payments

As of July 1, 2012, 7 years remaining for 2002 ERI liability, 8 years remaining for 2003 ERI liability, 10 years remaining for 2010 ERI liability and 23 years for remaining unfunded liability

five year period as described by Revenue Procedure 2000-40

Total

16,967

Management Letter

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

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To the Honorable School Committee

Acton-Boxborough Regional School District

Acton, Massachusetts

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Acton-Boxborough Regional School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and have issued our reports thereon dated November 7, 2014. As part of our audit, we made a study and evaluation of the School District's system of internal accounting control to the extent we considered necessary to evaluate the system as required by generally accepted auditing standards. Under these standards, the purpose of such evaluations is to establish a basis for reliance on the system of internal accounting control in determining the nature, timing and extent of other auditing procedures that are necessary for expressing an opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

The management of the Acton-Boxborough Regional School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining a system of internal accounting control. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by them are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of control procedures. The objectives of such a system are to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with required authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Because of inherent limitations in any system of internal accounting control, errors or irregularities may still occur without being detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of the system to future periods is subject to the risks that procedures may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the degree of compliance with the procedures may deteriorate.

Our study and evaluation was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the internal accounting control and would not necessarily disclose all weaknesses in the system. However, as a result of our study and evaluation, and in an effort to be of assistance to the School District, we are submitting for your consideration comments and recommendations intended to improve operations and internal accounting control.

After you have had an opportunity to consider our comments and recommendations, we would be pleased to discuss them with you.

Boyatte Huma + (s.

Borgatti Harrison & Co.

Framingham, Massachusetts

November 7, 2014

PRIOR YEAR RECOMMENDATIONS:

The following recommendations were made in the prior year and remain unresolved or in process of being resolved.

1. Improve Student Activity Accounting

Comment:

The general ledger balance for the senior high school and middle school student activity accounts do not agree with the reconciled bank statement balance or to the District's general ledger balances.

Recommendation:

We recommend that the Finance Director initially review this account and make a determination about which balance is correct and how to solve the variance, and then implement procedures whereby the student activity account activity is reconciled on a periodic basis and adjustments and/or bank transfers are made timely.

Management's Response:

Finance is still evaluating how to implement this recommendation but hope to implement it during fiscal year 2015.

2. <u>Prepare to Implement GASB Statement 68</u>

Comment:

Beginning in fiscal year 2015, the School District is required to implement the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. This Statement will require the School District to recognize the unfunded pension liability on the Statement of Net Position.

Recommendation:

We recommend that the School District begin planning for the implementation of GASB Statement 68 by gaining an understanding of the new requirements and ensuring that the School Districts applicable portion of the retirement system's unfunded liability is audited and available for inclusion in the financial statements. We will be monitoring best practices for implementing this standard across the state and country and will provide guidance in the upcoming year(s).

Management's Response:

As we have with previous GASB statements, the members of the Finance staff will attend any professional development opportunities to help us develop a deeper understanding of the upcoming GASB 68 regulations. We will look forward to working with Segal Consulting to implement this important matter.

3. Compensated Absences

Comment:

Chapter 66 of the Acts of 2012, which is now MGL Chapter 40, Section 13D, provides for a reserve fund for future payment of accrued liabilities for compensated absences due to any employee of the School District upon the termination of the employees employment. As of June 30, 2014, the School District has an unfunded liability for compensated absences in the amount of \$1,382,610.

Recommendation:

We recommend that management review this recent legislation and consider funding this liability on an annual basis so that when an employee terminates employee there is money already set aside for the pay out.

Management's Response:

The current method for the payment of accrued liabilities for compensated absences has historically been taken care of by making payments out of the operating budget once that employee has separated. While this suggestion as an alternative to that method is certainly desirable, implementation is only possible as funding capability permits.

4. Stabilization Fund

Comment:

The general rule of thumb for communities is to accumulate between 6% and 8% of the School District's budget into a General Stabilization Fund. The stabilization fund is an integral part of the School District's financial stability. As of June 30, 2014, the School District has zero in a stabilization fund, whereas 6% of its 2014 budget equals approximately \$2,500,000.

Recommendation:

We recommend that management establish a long-term goal for its Stabilization Fund, which would include a plan for funding the fund.

Management's Response:

The Regional School District expanded to a full Pre-K to Grade 12 regional school district in July. The Regional District is currently carefully weighing its current E & D balance with that in mind. In addition, it is trying to make increased payments into its separate Other Post Employment Benefits trust fund. With those efforts clearly dominating the current landscape, the District would like to carefully study whether to establish a Stabilization Fund at a later time, particularly in connection with evaluation of long range capital needs.

5. Review and Update Existing Financial Policies

Comment:

The School District has a Manual of Financial Policies which was last updated in 2010. Since operations and Boards of Governance change over time financial policies make become outdated, obsolete or in-effective.

Recommendation:

We recommend that the School District review existing written financial policies and, update if necessary, and also determine which policies have not been written and prepare those for the School Committee approval. We suggest that the School District have formal written policies for earnings and deficiency (free cash), stabilization, investment guidelines for OPEB trust funds and stabilization funds, and a debt policy.

In the recent year, policies for Federal "Red Flag" Rules and Post Issuance Tax Compliance Procedures for Tax Exempt Obligations and Other Tax Benefited Obligations have come to the forefront.

We further suggest that the School Committee routinely review and re-vote all financial policies every three to five years.

Management's Response:

The School District has a manual which was updated in May, 2010. Due to the regionalization vote taken last June, clearly the financial practices of the new expanded Region should be reviewed in a new light. We agree that due to its new status that other written policies should also be reviewed, in concert with the Regional School Committee Policy Committee. The Regional District is still in the throes of implementing regionalization at this time-we would like to revisit this excellent suggestion once those efforts have been implemented over the next year.

CURRENT YEAR RECOMMENDATION

1. <u>Improve Payroll Liability Reconciliations</u>

Comment:

Presently there is no timely reconciliation process being performed in regards to the payroll liability accounts on the School District's general ledger, including reconciling payroll deductions for health insurance with the various health insurance carriers.

Recommendation:

We recommend that the School District review its accounting procedures as they relate to payroll tax liabilities and health insurance withholdings and implement reconciliation procedures to occur on at least on a quarterly basis.

Management's Response:

The finance department intends to perform reconciliation of all balance sheet accounts at least quarterly, and ensure timely resolution of any variances.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS PURSUANT TO GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS AND OMB CIRCULAR A-133

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS PURSUANT TO GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS AND OMB CIRCULAR A-133 YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERES BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PREFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable School Committee Acton-Boxborough Regional School District Acton, Massachusetts

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Acton-Boxborough Regional School District, Acton, Massachusetts, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Acton-Boxborough Regional School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 7, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Acton-Boxborough Regional School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness on the Acton-Boxborough Regional School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Acton-Boxborough Regional School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Acton-Boxborough Regional School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing</u> Standards.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Bogath Zensen + (s.

Borgatti Harrison & Co.

Framingham, Massachusetts November 7, 2014



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

The Honorable School Committee Acton-Boxborough Regional School District Acton, Massachusetts

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Acton-Boxborough Regional School District, Acton, Massachusetts's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Acton-Boxborough Regional School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014. The Acton-Boxborough Regional School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Acton-Boxborough Regional School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB CircularA-133, "Audits of State, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations". Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Acton-Boxborough Regional School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on Acton-Boxborough Regional School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Acton-Boxborough Regional School District, Acton, Massachusetts, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Acton-Boxborough Regional School District, Acton, Massachusetts, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Acton-Boxborough Regional School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Acton-Boxborough Regional School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by OMB Circular A-133

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Acton-Boxborough Regional School District, Acton, Massachusetts, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Acton-Boxborough Regional School District's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated November 7, 2014, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements.

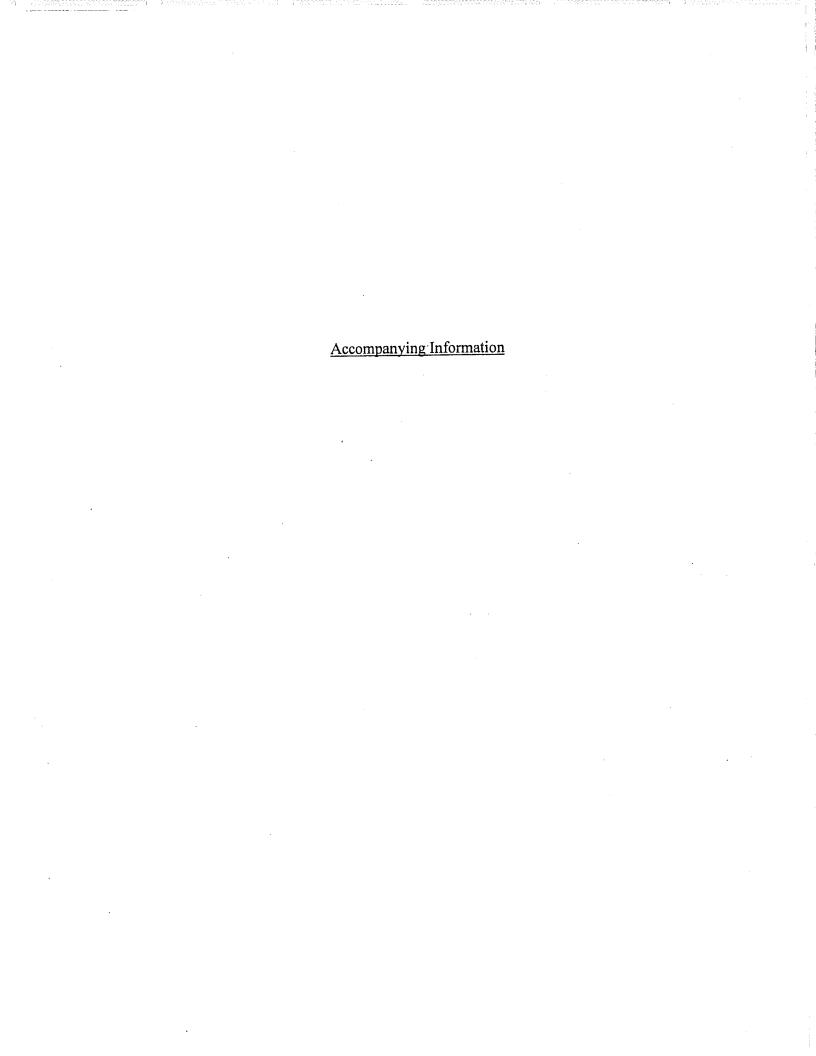
The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for the purposes of additional analysis as required by **OMB Circular A-133** and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Boyath Hauson + (o.

Borgatti Harrison & Co.

Framingham, Massachusetts November 7, 2014



ACTON-BOXBOROUGH REGIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Federal Grantor Pass-through Grantor Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Expenses
U.S. Department of Education Passed through the Commonwealth of Massachusetts - Department of Education		
Special Education Cluster Title VIB SPED IDEA SPED Program Improvement	84.027 84.027	\$ 603,494 11,669 615,163
Title 1 Title II A National School Lunch & Breakfast	84.010 84.367 10.553/5	132,525 38,840 115,807
Total U.S. Department of Education Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		902,335

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

A. Summary of Audit Results

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unqualified opinion on the financial statements of the Acton Boxborough Regional School District, Acton, Massachusetts.
- 2. No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the financial statements are reported in the report on compliance and on internal control over financial reporting based on an audit of the financial statements.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the Acton-Boxborough Regional School District, Acton, Massachusetts were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the major federal award programs is reported in the report on compliance with requirements applicable to each major program and internal control over compliance.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major award programs for the Acton-Boxborough Regional School District, Acton, Massachusetts expresses an unqualified opinion.
- 6. There are no audit findings relative to the major federal award programs for the Acton-Boxborough Regional School District, Acton, Massachusetts.
- 7. The programs tested as major programs include the following:

CFDA Number 84.027

- Special Education Cluster
- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Types A and B programs was \$300,000.
- 9. The Acton-Boxborough Regional School District, Acton, Massachusetts was determined to be a low-risk auditee.
- B. Findings Financial Statements Audit

None

C. Findings and Questioned Costs

None

D. Prior Year Audit Findings and questioned Costs

None

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

1. General

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards presents the activity of all federal financial assistance of the Acton-Boxborough Regional School District, Acton, Massachusetts. The School District reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the School District's financial statements. Federal financial assistance received directly from federal agencies as well as federal financial assistance passed through other government agencies is included on the schedule.

2. Basis of Accounting

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is described in Note 1 to the School District's financial statements.

3. Relationship to Federal Financial Reports

The amounts reported as federal expenditures generally were obtained from the appropriate federal financial reports for the applicable program and periods. The amounts reported in these federal financial reports are prepared from records maintained for each program. These records are periodically reconciled to the general ledger which is the source of the financial statements.

ACTON-BOXBOROUGH REGIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STUDENT ACTIVITY FUNDS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2014

AND

REPORT OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

STUDENT ACTIVITY FUNDS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2014

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Acton-Boxborough Regional School District Acton, MA 01720

We have audited the accompanying balance sheet and the statement of activities of the Acton-Boxborough Regional School District - Student Activity Funds, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the balance sheet, which collectively comprise the Student Activity Funds basic financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position and the activities of the Acton-Boxborough Regional School District - Student Activity Funds as of June 30, 2014, and for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Borgoth Husm+Co.

Borgatti Harrison & Co.

Framingham, Massachusetts September 7, 2013

STUDENT ACTIVITY FUNDS

BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2014

A	S	S	E.	TS
\sim	o	J		10

Cash	\$141,331
Total assets	\$141,331
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	
Unrestricted net assets - High School Middle School	91,359 49,972
Total net assets	141,331
Total liabilities and net assets	\$141,331

STUDENT ACTIVITY FUNDS - STATEMENT OF HIGH SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Student Activity Funds		lances 1, 2013	E	Receipts	į	Expenses	I	ransfers	alances e 30, 2014
Academic Decathalon	\$	11,716	\$	6,745	\$	4,113	\$	(12,892)	\$ 1,456
Amnesty International		703		477		300		-	880
ASHA		3,691		2,009		2,713		-	2,987
AB Gives		111		159		13		-	257
Ameni for Africa		436		-		-		-	436
Art Students				259		259		-	-
Best Buddies		2,624		40				-	2,664
Chinatown Field Trip Class of 2010		2 200		3,382		3,317		-	65
Class of 2011		3,300		-		-		-	3,300
Class of 2012		1,410 3,477		-		-		-	1,410
Class of 2013		3,400		_		- 588		100	3,477 2,912
Class of 2014		5,607		125,509		117,063		300	14,353
Class of 2015		650		5,451		1,727		200	4,574
Class of 2016		429		1,083		-		56	1,568
Class of 2017		-		-,,		_		306	306
Common Ground		1,793		285		396		-	1,682
Environmental Club		· <u>-</u>		273		250		113	136
Field Trips		3,061		5,255		7,462		(362)	492
Foreign Exchange		5,304		-		-		-	5,304
Future Business Leaders		196		2,901		2,784		-	313
Industrial Arts		•		210		210		-	-
IGEM		-		1,500		_ 1,500		112	112
Interest income		7,182		203		307		-	7,078
Math Team		-		. 1,050		838		-	212
MESA		343		2 240		4 044		-	343
NARA/Regatta Field Trip National Honor Society		- 28		2,319 1,185		1,811		•	508
Ocean Bowl Team		287		450		768 447		-	445
Peer Leadership		276		-		-		(276)	290 -
PLADD		-		2,100		1,087		4,317	5,330
Radio Station		3,285		40		270			3,055
Resource Force		-,		_		-		112	112
Recycling		8		-		_		-	. 8
Reunion		1,939		-		-		-	1,939
SAAD		4,256		-		216		(4,040)	-
Science Fair		-		215		205		-	10
Science Team		-		28,074		37,108		11,677	2,643
Speech and Debate Team		646		7,785		7,207		877	2,101
Student Council		10,571		9,690		6,364		(600)	13,297
Trivia Team		-		2,315		2,314		-	1
Window Seat		0.004		1,314		1,177	•	-	137
Yearbook	•	9,604	6	30,947	•	35,385	•	-	 5;166
	\$	86,333	\$	243,225	\$	238,199	\$	-	\$ 91,359

See accompanying note to financial statements

STUDENT ACTIVITY FUNDS - STATEMENT OF MIDDLE SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Student Activity Funds		lances 1, 2013	F	Receipts	E	xpenses	<u>T</u>	ransfers		alances e 30, 2014
ASHA	\$	63	\$	2,404	\$	293	\$	-	\$	2,174
Arts Happening	·	190	•	550	·	740	•	_	·	_,
Blueprint		498	•	157		_		_		655
Boxtops		3,824		892		2,586		_		2,130
Bullying		23		-		· <u>-</u>		-		23
Chinese School		401		110		110		-		401
Coats for Kids		250		-		-		-		250
Drama Club		39		1,403		826		-		616
Environmental Club		378		•		_		-		378
End of Year Event		3,983		34,570		32,089		-		6,464
Field Trips		5,174		42,373		42,188		2,118		7,477
7 Red Fundraising		2,274		-		-		(1,774)		500
7 Gold Fundraising		798				_		(798)		-
8 Green Fundraising		192		-		-		(192)		-
7 8 RJG Fundraising		-		-		210		2,800		2,590
Girl Up		-		1,032		958				74
Interest Income		1,544		18		49		-		1,513
Math Counts		-		2,880		1,063		-		1,817
Miscellaneous		125		-		-		-		125
Project TAMA		36		-		• -		(36)		-
PTSO		. 70		~		_		-		70
Science for Olympiads		118		-		-		(118)		-
Ski Club		5,987		16,380		13,761		(2,000)		6,606
Ski Trip		2,050		7,402		8,535		-		917`
Speech and Debate		175		1,470		1,538				107
Student Council		1,332		6,223		2,795		-		4,760
Take Action		-		. 693		150		-		543
Track		2		-		-		-		2
World Language		121		-		120		-		1
Yearbook		20,261		10,009		20,491				9,779
	\$	49,908	\$	128,566	\$	128,502	\$	-	\$	49,972

STUDENT ACTIVITY FUNDS

NOTE TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization

The Student Activity Funds represent monies belonging to the students of the Acton-Boxborough Regional School District. The Principal of the Schools act in the capacity of an Agent of these funds for the students. All expenditures and transfers of these monies are made under the direction of the students involved in the various student activities.

Accounting Method

The School utilizes the accrual method of accounting, whereby revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

Income Taxes

The Student Activity Funds of the School are not a reporting entity for income tax reporting purposes.

SCHOOL DEPARTMENT END OF YEAR REPORT

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

AND

REPORT OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE APPLICABLE TO MASSACHUSETTS SCHOOL DISTRICTS

Members of the School Committee Acton-Boxborough Regional School District Acton, Massachusetts

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Acton-Boxborough Regional School District, Acton, Massachusetts with the types of compliance requirements described in the Massachusetts Department of Education *Compliance Supplement* applicable to Massachusetts School Districts for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Management's Responsibility

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Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to School Districts.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Acton-Boxborough Regional School District, Acton, Massachusetts's compliance to the types of requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller general of the United States; and the Massachusetts Department of Education *Compliance Supplement*.

Those standards and the *Compliance Supplement* require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on Massachusetts School District programs occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Acton-Boxborough Regional School District, Acton, Massachusetts's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance with the Massachusetts Department of Education *Compliance Supplement*. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on the Acton-Boxborough Regional School District, Acton, Massachusetts's compliance with those requirements.

Opinion

In our opinion, Acton-Boxborough Regional School District, Acton, Massachusetts complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to Massachusetts School Districts for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Acton-Boxborough Regional School District, Acton, Massachusetts, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Acton-Boxborough Regional School District, Acton, Massachusetts's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on its ability to accurately report year-end information in accordance with Massachusetts DOE requirements in order to determine our auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Acton-Boxborough Regional School District, Acton, Massachusetts's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance in accordance with Massachusetts DOE requirements on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material noncompliance with a type of compliance in accordance with Massachusetts DOE requirements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance in accordance with a type of compliance with Massachusetts DOE requirements that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing on internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, as required by the Massachusetts Department of Education, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Borgatti Harrison & Co.

Framingham, Massachusetts December 6, 2014